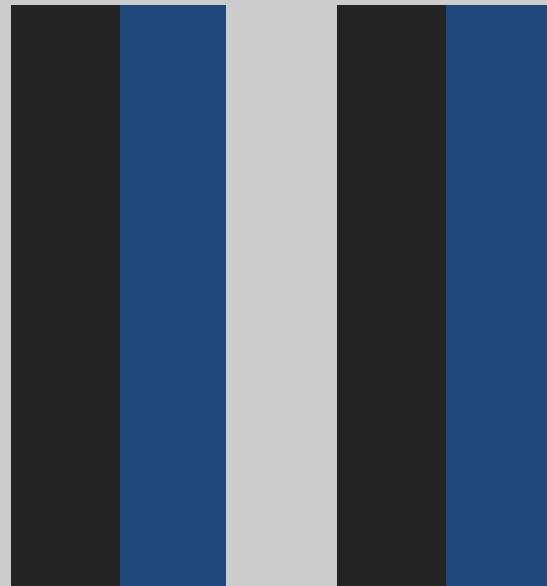


# ECONOMETRÍA APLICADA

JOSÉ ALBERTO MAURICIO



S2

## ANÁLISIS UNIVARIANTE DE SERIES TEMPORALES

EJEMPLOS DE IDENTIFICACIÓN - ESTIMACIÓN - DIAGNOSIS

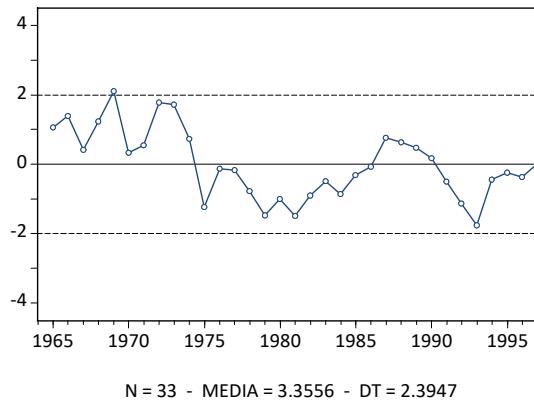
Departamento de Análisis Económico y Economía Cuantitativa  
Universidad Complutense de Madrid

### **OPERACIONES CON EVIEWS**

Sección 17 (pp. 66-74) + Sección 19 (pp. 80-94 + 98-105) de la guía *Introducción al Uso de EViews 4.1.*

## EJEMPLO 1.1 - ST02 : Y = TVPIB

SERIE Y = TVPIB



MODELO M1 [ W = Y ] AR(1) CON MEDIA

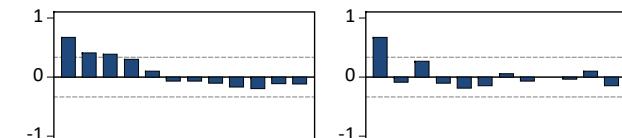
Dependent Variable: TVPIB				
Sample(adjusted): 1966 1997				
Included observations: 32 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
C	3.113314	0.963375	3.231673	0.0030
AR(1)	0.674728	0.130195	5.182453	0.0000
S.E. of regression	1.763676	Akaike info criterion		4.033139
Sum squared resid	93.31659	Schwarz criterion		4.124748

$$(1 - 0.6747 B) (y_t - 3.1133) = \hat{a}_t,$$

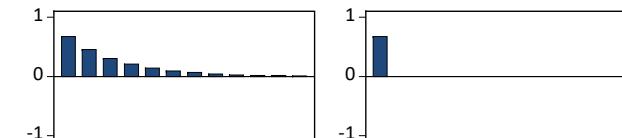
(0.1302) (0.9634)

n = 32,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 1.7637$ , AIC = 4.0331, BIC = 4.1247.

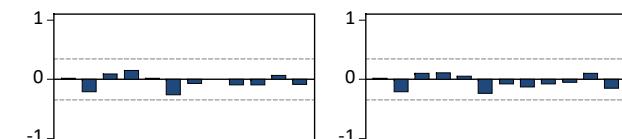
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE W = Y



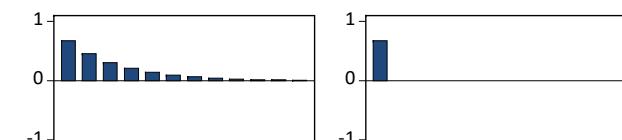
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M1 [ W = Y ]



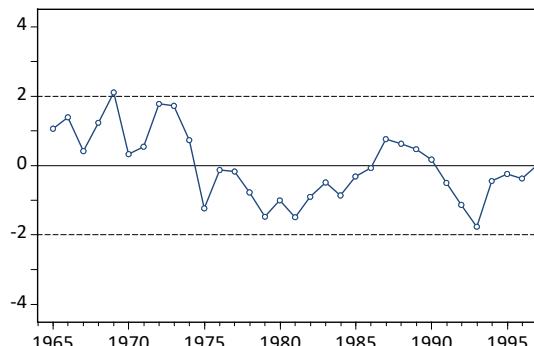
ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M1



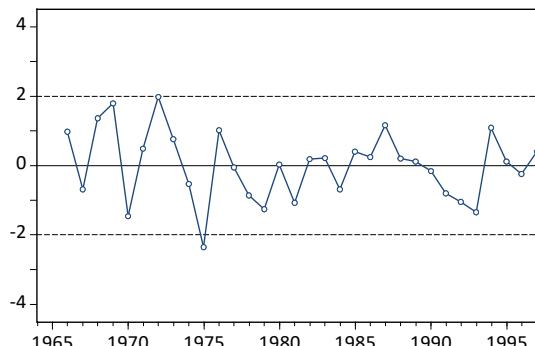
COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M1 [ Y ]



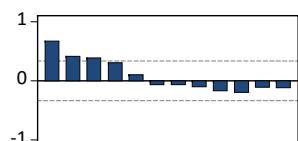
SERIE W = Y



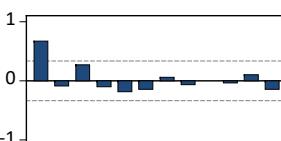
RESIDUOS M1



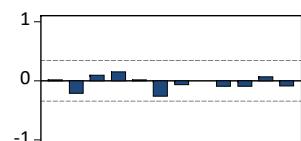
ACF



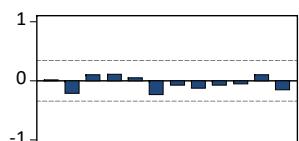
PACF



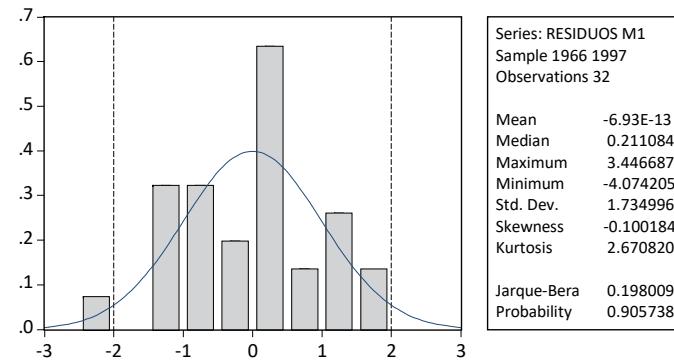
ACF



PACF

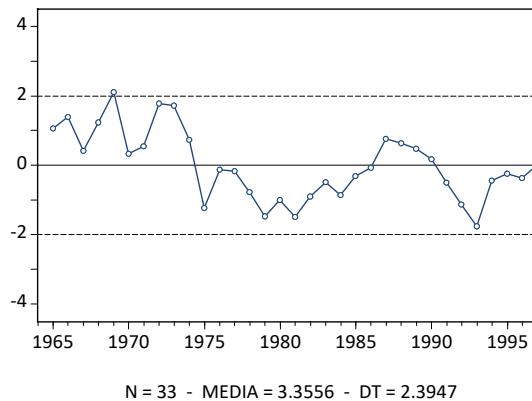


LJUNG-BOX Q(11) = 7.3435 ( PROB = 0.7706 ) ARMA = 1



## EJEMPLO 1.2 - ST02 : Y = TVPIB

SERIE Y = TVPIB



MODELO M2 [ D( Y ) ] ARMA(1,1) [ Y ] ARIMA(1,1,1)

Dependent Variable: D( TVPIB )				
Sample(adjusted): 1967 1997				
Included observations: 31 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
AR(1)	0.641104	0.166891	3.841461	0.0006
MA(1)	-0.964866	0.076901	-12.54686	0.0000
S.E. of regression	1.806798	Akaike info criterion		4.083330
Sum squared resid	94.67102	Schwarz criterion		4.175845

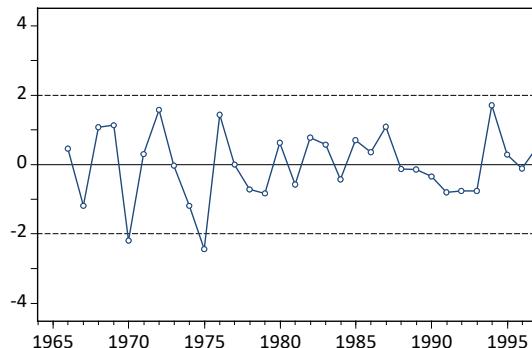
$$(1 - 0.6411B) \nabla y_t = (1 - 0.9649B)\hat{a}_t,$$

(0.1669) (0.0769)

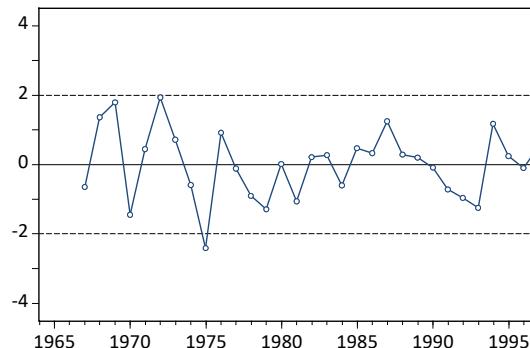
n = 31,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 1.8068$ , AIC = 4.0833, BIC = 4.1758.

No rechazar  $\theta_1 = 1 \Rightarrow$  Volver a M1.

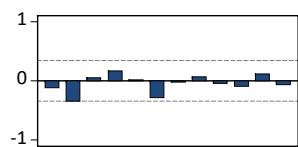
SERIE D( Y )



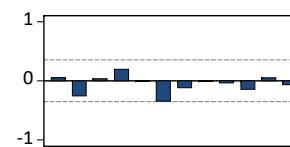
RESIDUOS M2



ACF

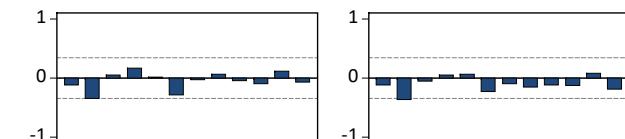


PACF

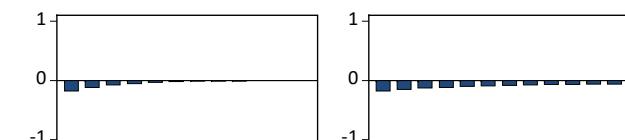


LJUNG-BOX Q(10) = 10.554 ( PROB = 0.3932 ) ARMA = 2

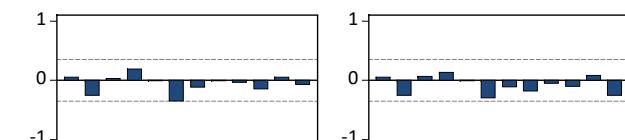
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE D( Y )



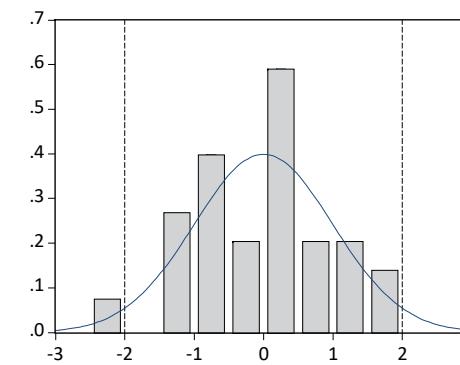
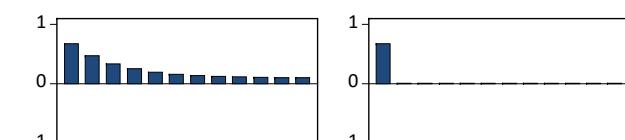
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M2 [ D( Y ) ]



ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M2

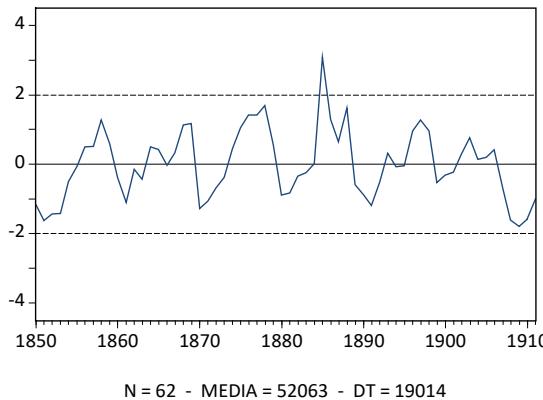


COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M2 [ Y ]



## EJEMPLO 2 - ST08 : Y = MINK

SERIE Y = MINK



MODELO M1 [ W = LOG( Y ) ] AR(2) CON MEDIA

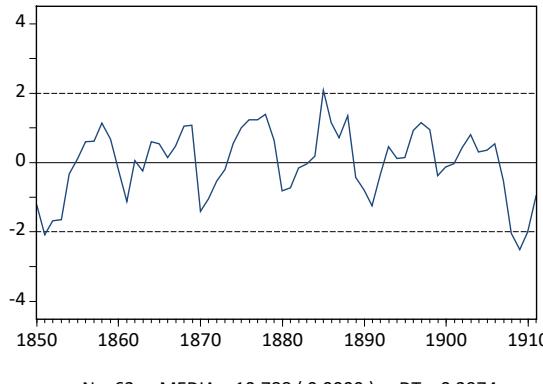
Dependent Variable: LOG( MINK )				
Sample(adjusted): 1852 1911				
Included observations: 60 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
C	10.82315	0.081415	132.9388	0.0000
AR(1)	0.855761	0.123794	6.912760	0.0000
AR(2)	-0.289433	0.126616	-2.285921	0.0260
S.E. of regression	0.273111	Akaike info criterion		0.290928
Sum squared resid	4.251601	Schwarz criterion		0.395545

$$(1 - 0.8558B + 0.2894B^2) (\ln y_t - 10.8232) = \hat{a}_t, \\ (0.1238) \quad (0.1266) \quad (0.0814)$$

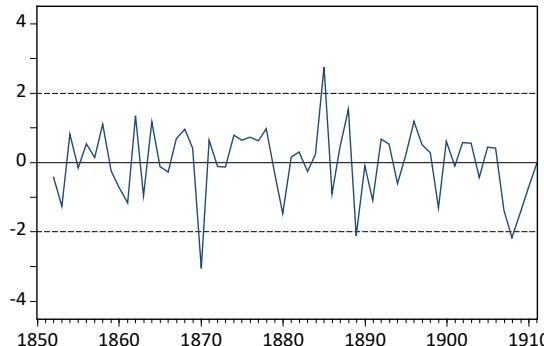
n = 60,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 0.2731$ , AIC = 0.2909, BIC = 0.3955.

$$\hat{\phi}(x) = 0 \Rightarrow x_1^* = 1.48, x_2^* = 1.13i \Rightarrow d = 1.86 > 1. \text{ corr}[\hat{\phi}_1, \hat{\phi}_2] = -0.69.$$

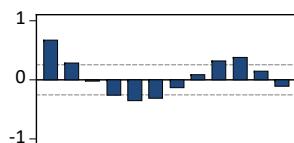
SERIE W = LOG( Y )



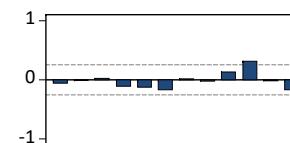
RESIDUOS M1



ACF



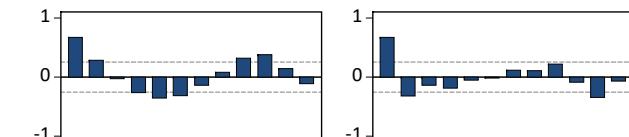
PACF



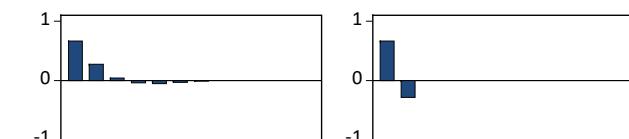
PACF

LJUNG-BOX Q(10) = 15.003 ( PROB = 0.1319 ) ARMA = 2

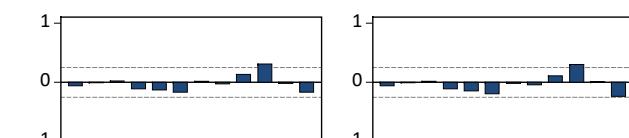
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE W = LOG( Y )



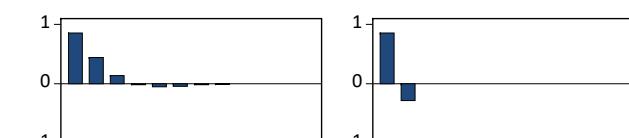
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M1 [ W = LOG( Y ) ]



ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M1



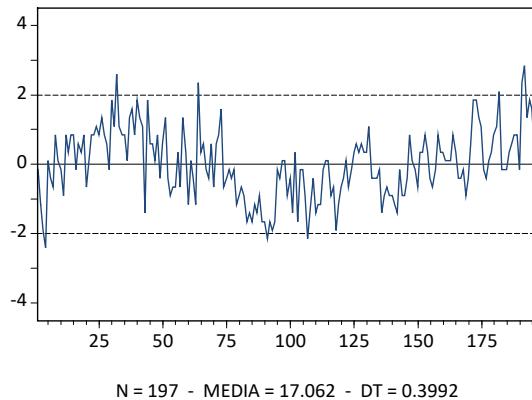
COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M1 [ LOG( Y ) ]



Series: RESIDUOS M1	
Sample 1852 1911	
Observations 60	
Mean	2.59E-14
Median	0.048413
Maximum	0.741338
Minimum	-0.819413
Std. Dev.	0.268442
Skewness	-0.492193
Kurtosis	3.955144
Jarque-Bera	4.703291
Probability	0.095212

## EJEMPLO 3.1 - ST17 : Y = BJRA

SERIE Y = BJRA



MODELO M1 [ W1 = Y ] ARMA(1,1) CON MEDIA

Dependent Variable: BJRA				
Sample(adjusted): 2 197				
Included observations: 196 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
C	17.11141	0.110643	154.6537	0.0000
AR(1)	0.917624	0.041351	22.19102	0.0000
MA(1)	-0.608054	0.081951	-7.419684	0.0000
S.E. of regression	0.313900	Akaike info criterion		
Sum squared resid	19.01686	Schwarz criterion		

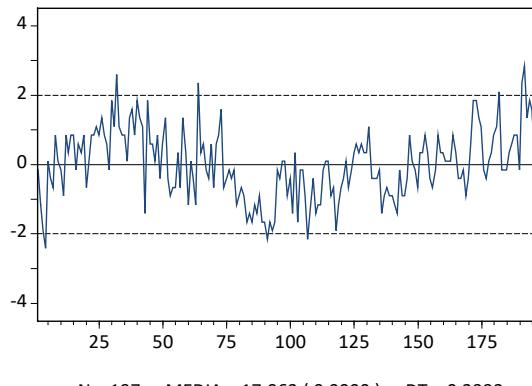
$$(1 - 0.9176B)(y_t - 17.1114) = (1 - 0.6081B)\hat{a}_t,$$

(0.0414) (0.1106) (0.0820)

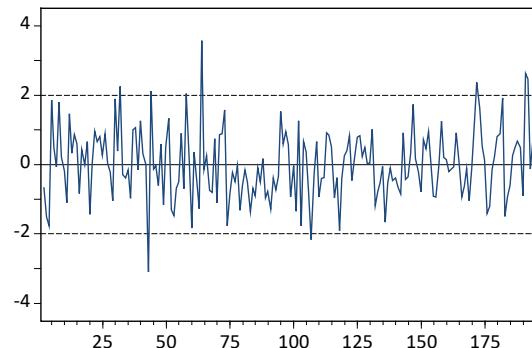
n = 196,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 0.3139$ , AIC = 0.5357, BIC = 0.5859.

$$\text{corr}[\hat{\phi}_1, \hat{\theta}_1] = -0.72.$$

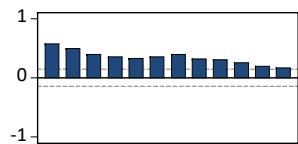
SERIE W1 = Y



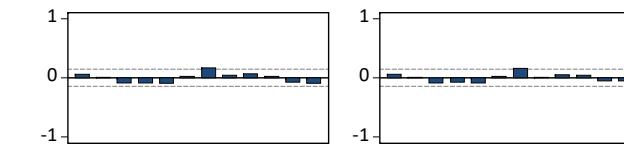
RESIDUOS M1



ACF

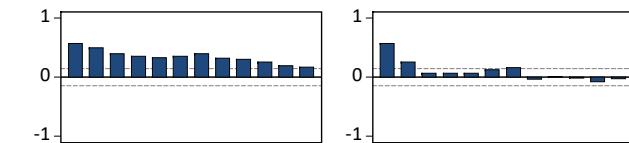


PACF

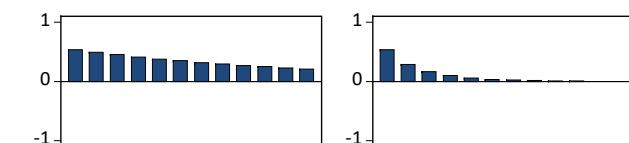


LJUNG-BOX Q(10) = 15.458 ( PROB = 0.1162 ) ARMA = 2

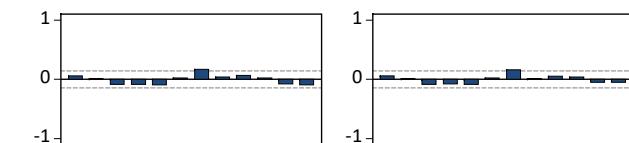
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE W1 = Y



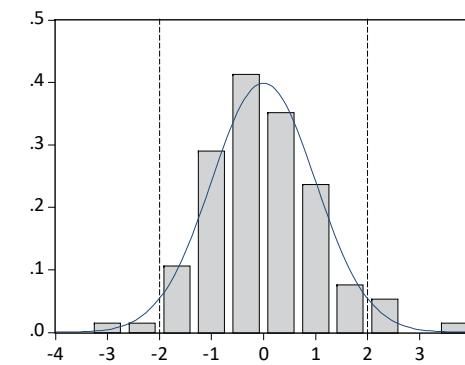
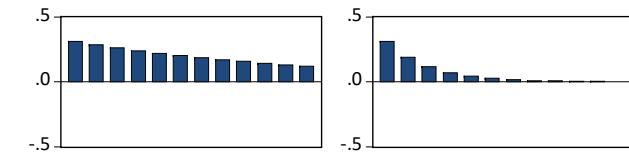
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M1 [ W1 = Y ]



ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M1



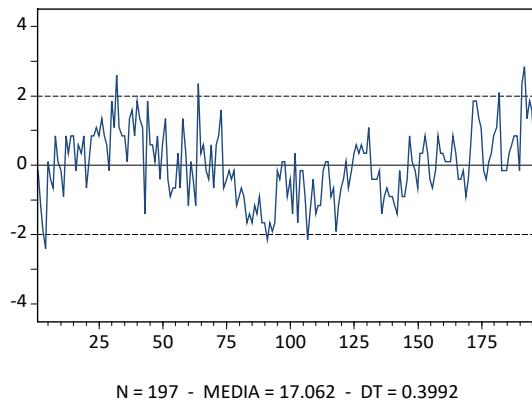
COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M1 [ Y ]



Series: RESIDUOS M1	
Sample 2 197 Observations 196	
Mean	-0.002632
Median	-0.022199
Maximum	1.114857
Minimum	-0.968975
Std. Dev.	0.312275
Skewness	0.335838
Kurtosis	3.615857
Jarque-Bera	6.781820
Probability	0.033678

## EJEMPLO 3.2 - ST17 : Y = BJRA

SERIE Y = BJRA



MODELO M2 [ W2 = D( Y ) ] MA(1) [ Y ] IMA(1,1)

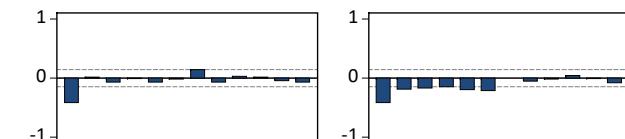
Dependent Variable: D( BJRA )				
Sample(adjusted): 2 197				
Included observations: 196 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
MA(1)	-0.702478	0.051036	-13.76448	0.0000
S.E. of regression	0.317607	Akaike info criterion	0.549087	
Sum squared resid	19.67052	Schwarz criterion	0.565812	

$$\nabla y_t = (1 - 0.7025B)\hat{a}_t,$$

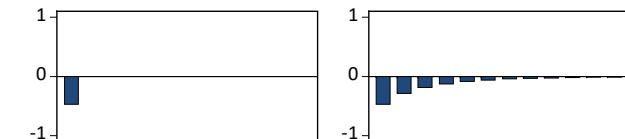
(0.0510)

n = 196,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 0.3176$ , AIC = 0.5491, BIC = 0.5658.

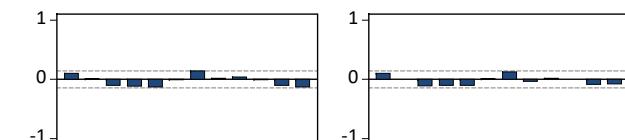
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE W2 = D( Y )



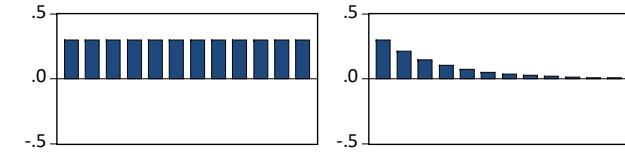
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M2 [ W2 = D( Y ) ]



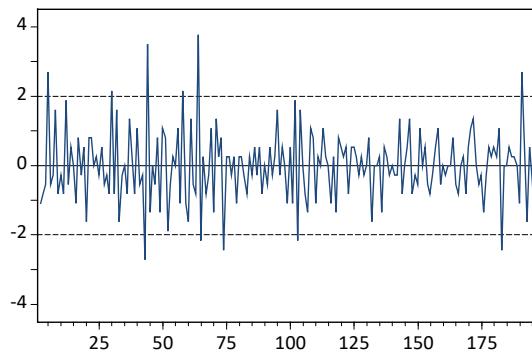
ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M2



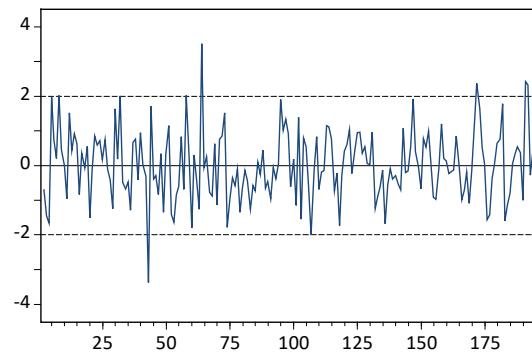
COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M2 [ Y ]



SERIE W2 = D( Y )

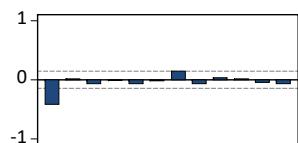


RESIDUOS M2

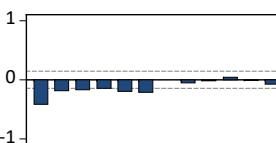


N = 196 - MEDIA = 0.0118 ( 0.6004 ) - DT = 0.3173

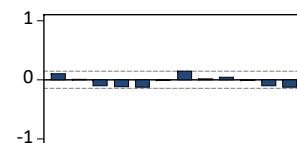
ACF



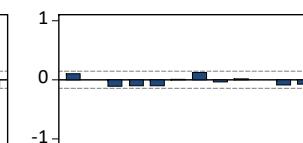
PACF



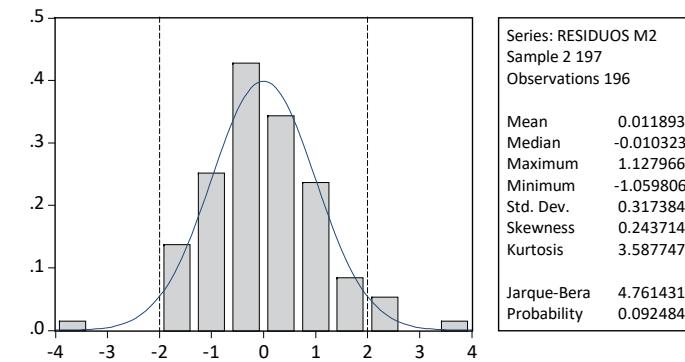
ACF



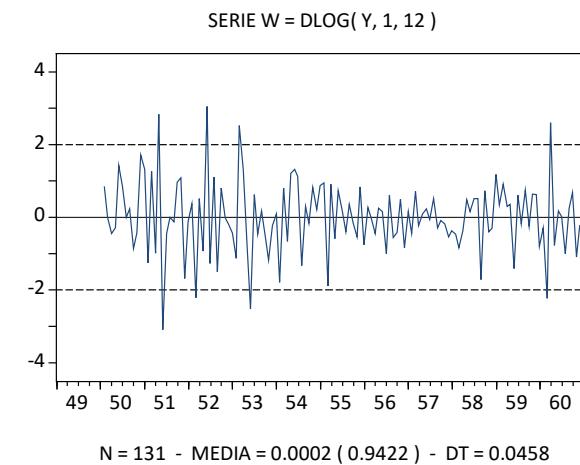
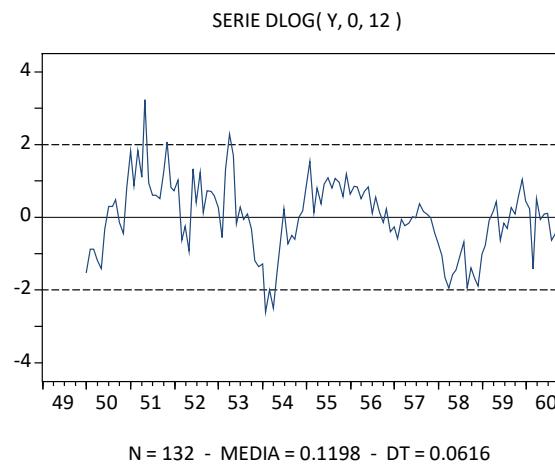
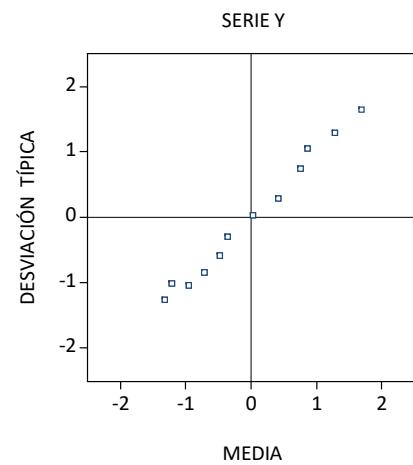
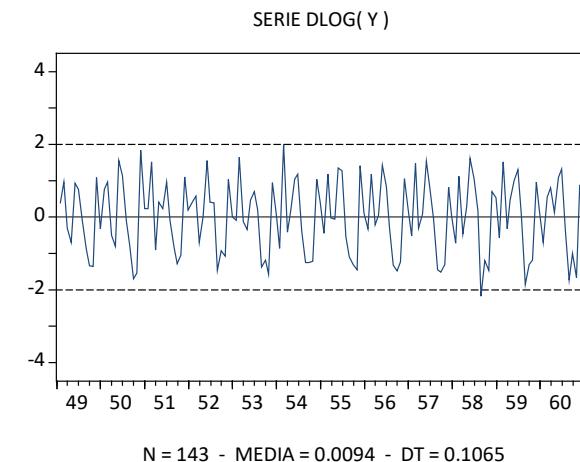
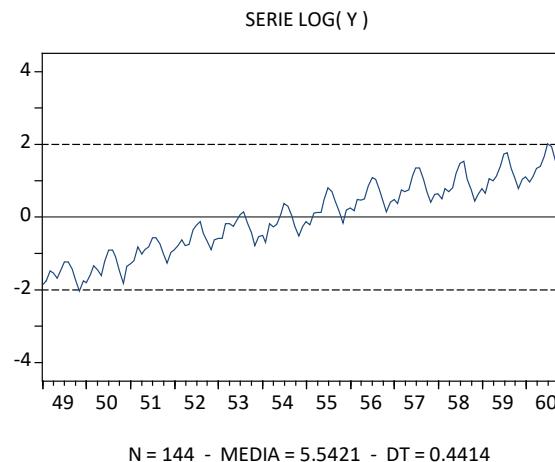
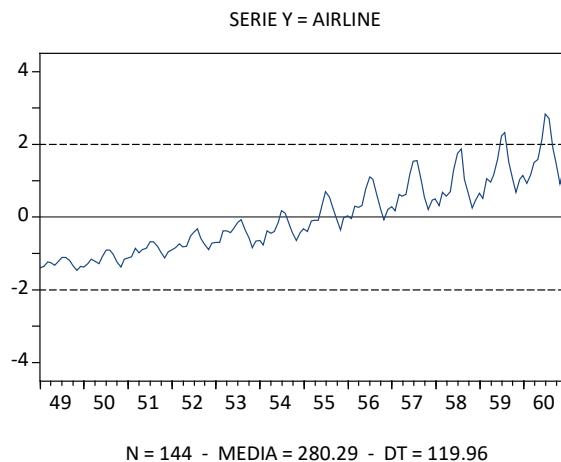
PACF



LJUNG-BOX Q(11) = 20.056 ( PROB = 0.0445 ) ARMA = 1

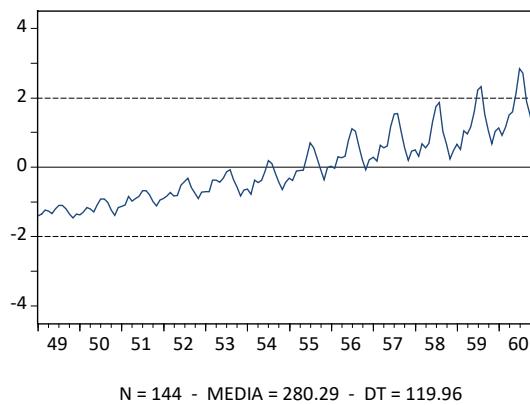


## EJEMPLO 4 - ST19 : Y = AIRLINE



## EJEMPLO 4.1 - ST19 : Y = AIRLINE

SERIE Y = AIRLINE



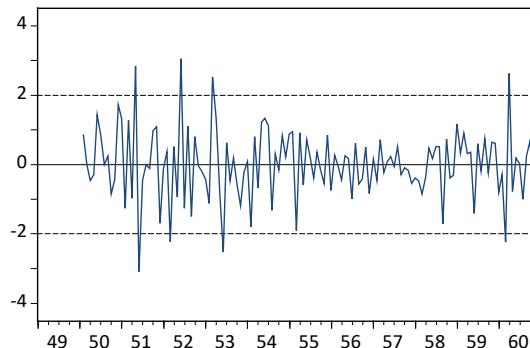
MODELO M1 [ W ] MA(1)×MA(1)<sub>12</sub> [ LOG( Y ) ] IMA(1,1)×IMA(1,1)<sub>12</sub> ["AIRLINE MODEL"]

Dependent Variable: DLOG(AIRLINE, 1, 12)				
Sample(adjusted): 1950:02 1960:12				
Included observations: 131 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
MA(1)	-0.404855	0.080238	-5.045651	0.0000
SMA(12)	-0.631572	0.069841	-9.042955	0.0000
S.E. of regression	0.036500	Akaike info criterion		-3.767866
Sum squared resid	0.171859	Schwarz criterion		-3.723970

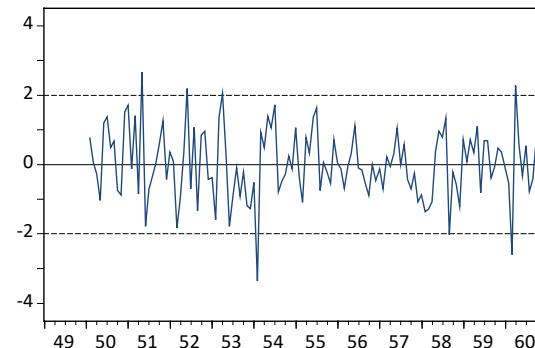
$$\nabla \nabla_{12} \ln y_t = (1 - 0.4049B)(1 - 0.6316B^{12})\hat{a}_t, \\ (0.0802) \quad (0.0698)$$

n = 131,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 0.0365$ , AIC = -3.7679, BIC = -3.7240.

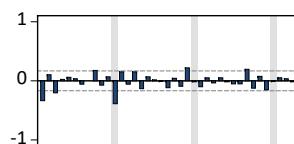
SERIE W = DLOG( Y, 1, 12 )



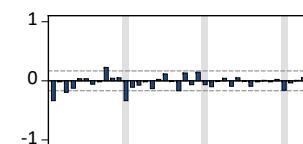
RESIDUOS M1



ACF

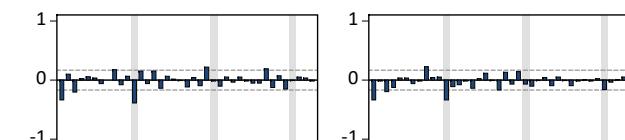


PACF

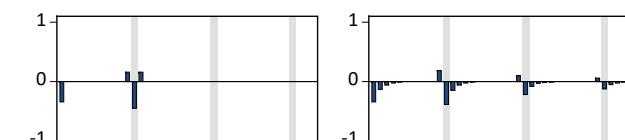


LJUNG-BOX Q(37) = 39.789 ( PROB = 0.3469 ) ARMA = 2

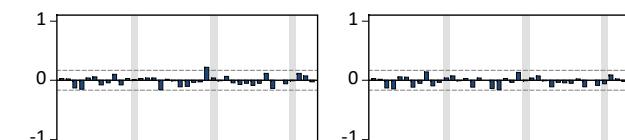
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE W



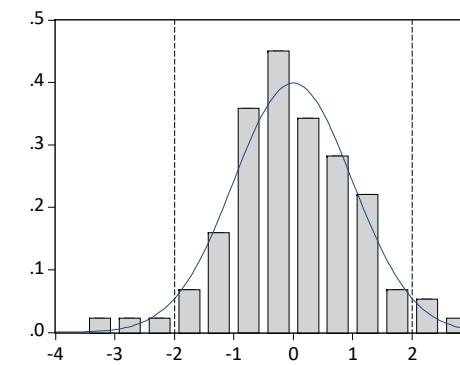
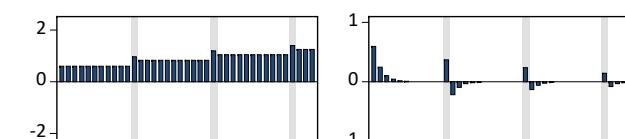
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M1 [ W ]



ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M1

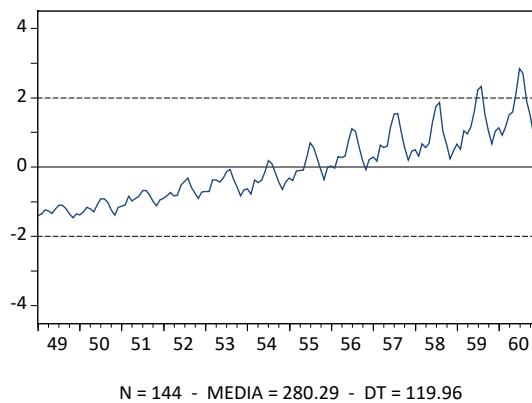


COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M1 [ LOG( Y ) ]



## EJEMPLO 4.2 - ST19 : Y = AIRLINE

SERIE Y = AIRLINE



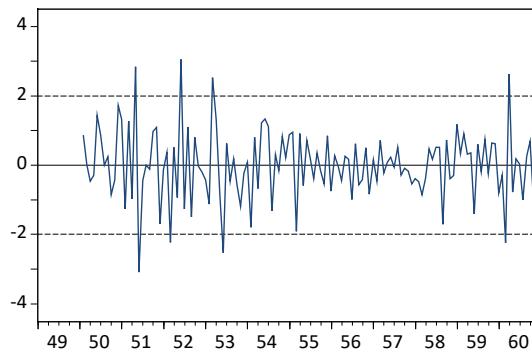
MODELO M2 [ W ] AR(1)×MA(1)<sub>12</sub> [ LOG( Y ) ] ARI(1,1)×IMA(1,1)<sub>12</sub>

Dependent Variable: DLOG( AIRLINE, 1, 12 )				
Sample(adjusted): 1950:03 1960:12				
Included observations: 130 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
AR(1)	-0.310378	0.083775	-3.704907	0.0003
MA(12)	-0.703182	0.060984	-11.53052	0.0000
S.E. of regression	0.036667	Akaike info criterion		-3.758623
Sum squared resid	0.172090	Schwarz criterion		-3.714507

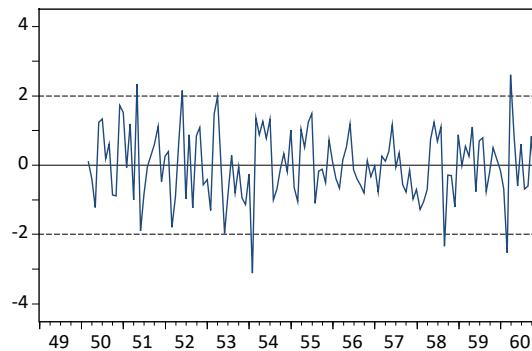
$$(1 + 0.3104)\nabla\nabla_{12} \ln y_t = (1 - 0.7032B^{12})\hat{a}_t, \\ (0.0838) \qquad \qquad \qquad (0.0610)$$

n = 130,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 0.0367$ , AIC = -3.7586, BIC = -3.7145.

SERIE W = DLOG( Y, 1, 12 )

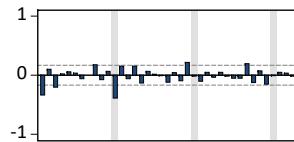


RESIDUOS M2

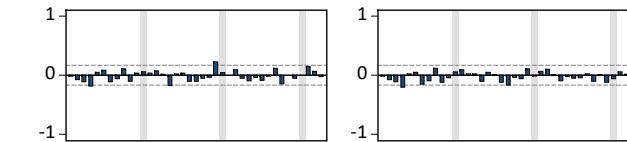


N = 130 - MEDIA = 0.0000 ( 0.9808 ) - DT = 0.0365

ACF

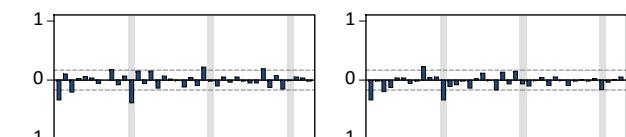


PACF

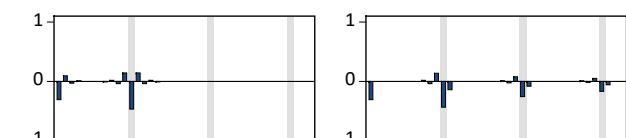


LJUNG-BOX Q(37) = 48.484 ( PROB = 0.0979 ) ARMA = 2

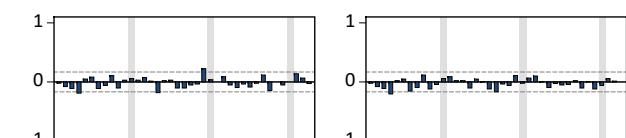
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE W



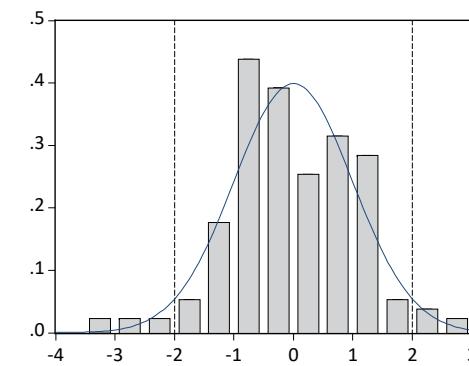
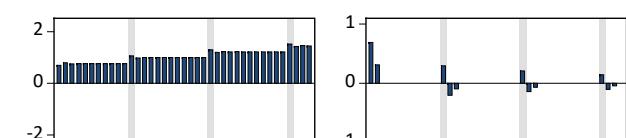
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M2 [ W ]



ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M2

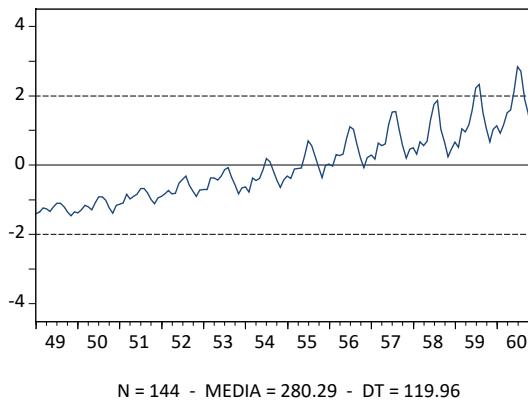


COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M2 [ LOG( Y ) ]



## EJEMPLO 4.3 - ST19 : Y = AIRLINE

SERIE Y = AIRLINE



MODELO M3 [ W ] ARMA(1,1)×MA(1)<sub>12</sub> [ LOG( Y ) ] ARIMA(1,1,1)×IMA(1,1)<sub>12</sub>

Dependent Variable: DLOG( AIRLINE, 1, 12 )				
Sample(adjusted): 1950:03 1960:12				
Included observations: 130 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
AR(1)	0.228962	0.169046	1.354438	0.1780
MA(1)	-0.600411	0.136506	-4.398417	0.0000
SMA(12)	-0.656061	0.067298	-9.748628	0.0000
S.E. of regression	0.036608	Akaike info criterion		-3.754284
Sum squared resid	0.170200	Schwarz criterion		-3.688110

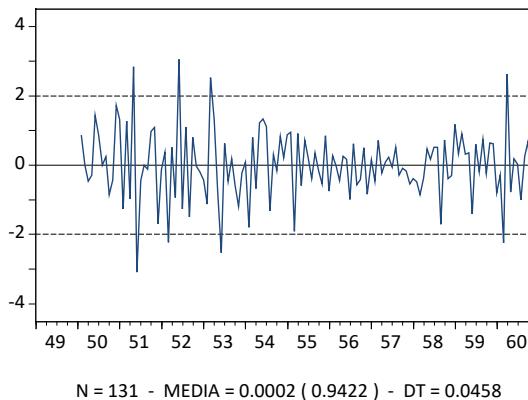
$$(1 - 0.2290)\nabla\nabla_{12} \ln y_t = (1 - 0.6004B)(1 - 0.6561B^{12})\hat{a}_t,$$

$$(0.1690) \quad \quad \quad (0.1365) \quad \quad \quad (0.0673)$$

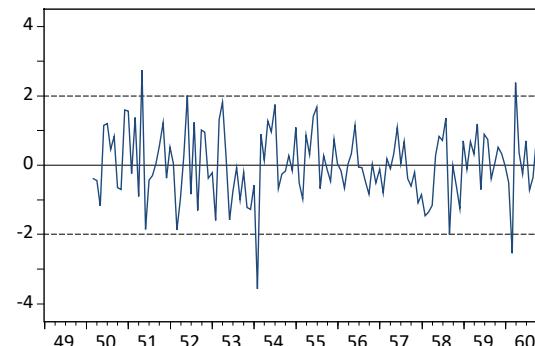
$n = 130$ ,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 0.0366$ , AIC = -3.7543, BIC = -3.6881.

$\phi_1$  no significativo,  $\text{corr}[\hat{\phi}_1, \hat{\theta}_1] = -0.86$ .

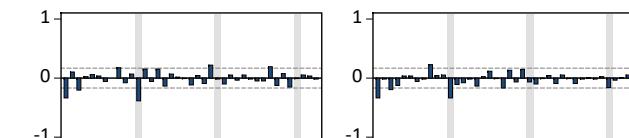
SERIE W = DLOG( Y, 1, 12 )



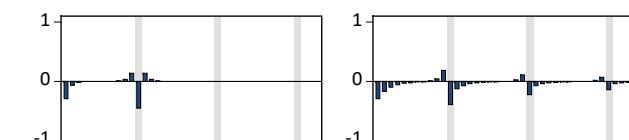
RESIDUOS M3



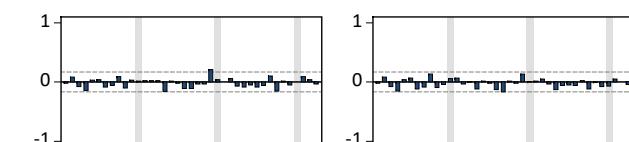
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE W



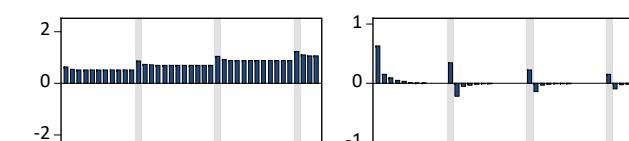
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M3 [ W ]



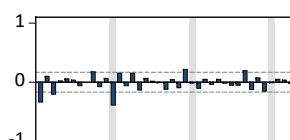
ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M3



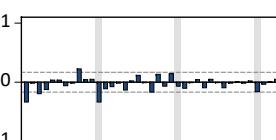
COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M3 [ LOG( Y ) ]



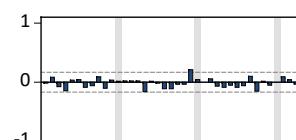
ACF



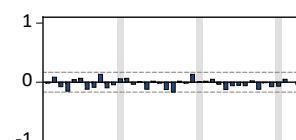
PACF



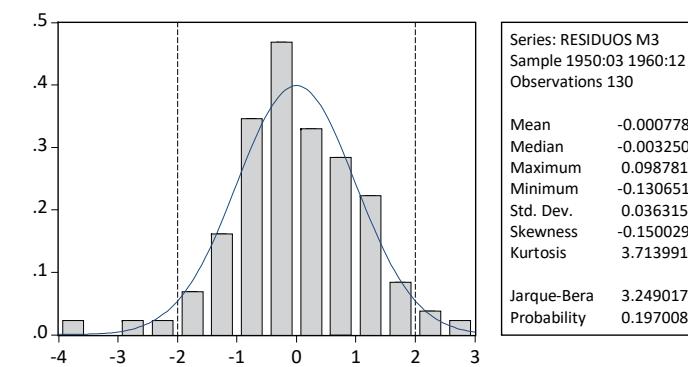
ACF



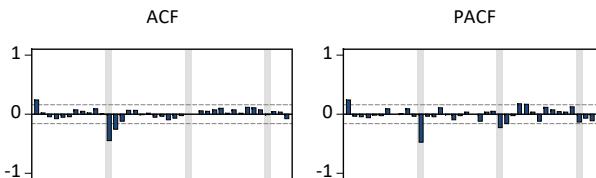
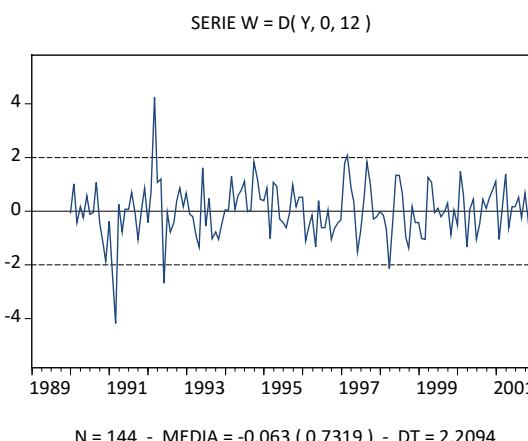
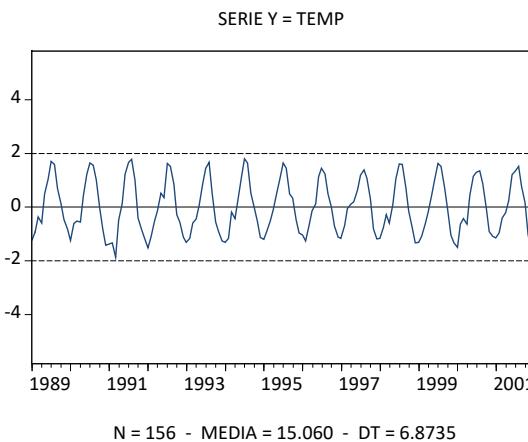
PACF



LJUNG-BOX Q(36) = 38.601 ( PROB = 0.3528 ) ARMA = 3



## EJEMPLO 5 - ST14 : Y = TEMP



MODELO M1 [ W ] AR(1)×MA(1)<sub>12</sub> [ Y ] AR(1)×IMA(1,1)<sub>12</sub>

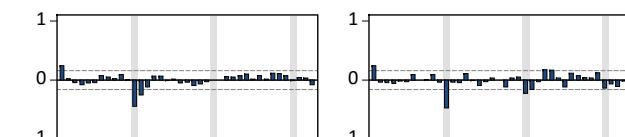
Dependent Variable: D( TEMP, 0, 12 )				
Sample(adjusted): 1990:02 2001:12				
Included observations: 143 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
AR(1)	0.230195	0.082631	2.785833	0.0061
MA(12)	-0.918262	0.019442	-47.22967	0.0000
S.E. of regression	1.603138	Akaike info criterion		3.795690
Sum squared resid	362.3772	Schwarz criterion		3.837129

$$(1 - 0.2302B) \nabla_{12} y_t = (1 - 0.9183B^{12}) \hat{a}_t,$$

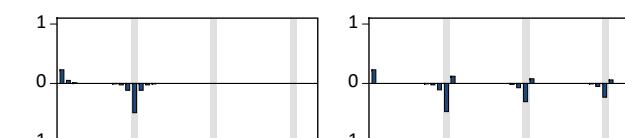
$$(0.0826) \qquad \qquad \qquad (0.0194)$$

$n = 143$ ,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 1.6031$ , AIC = 3.7957, BIC = 3.8371.

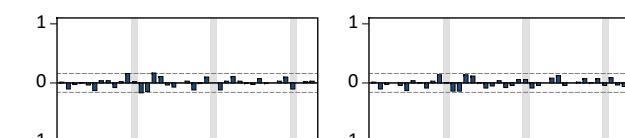
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE W



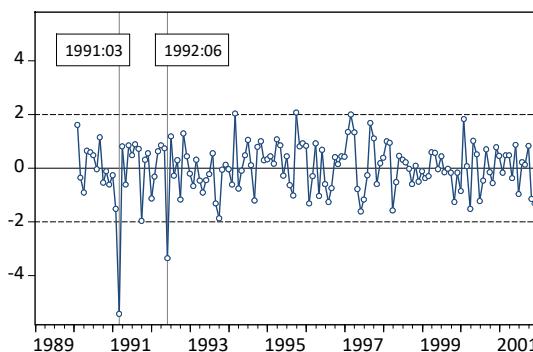
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M1 [ W ]



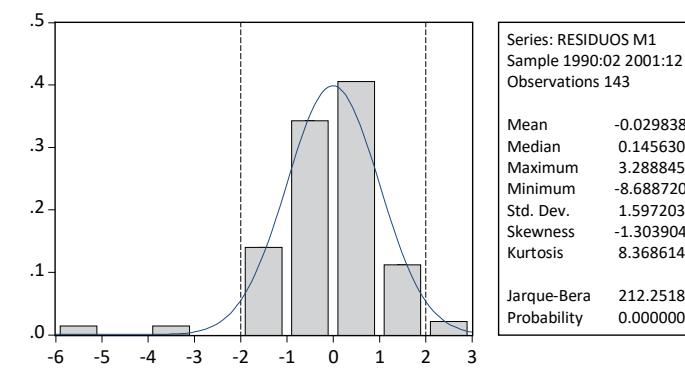
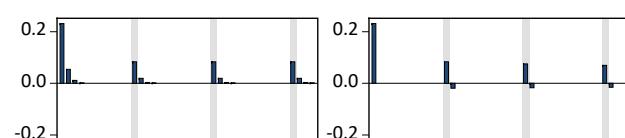
ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M1



RESIDUOS M1

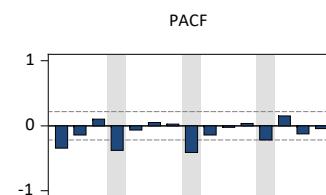
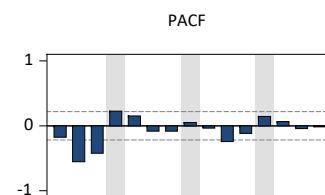
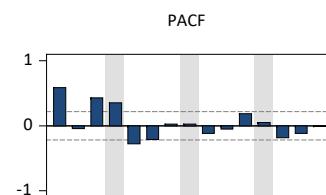
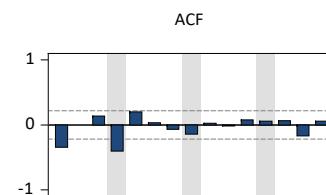
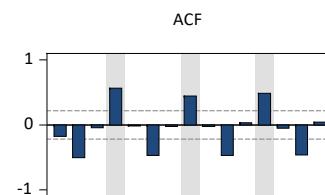
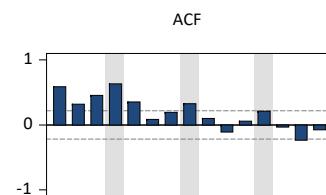
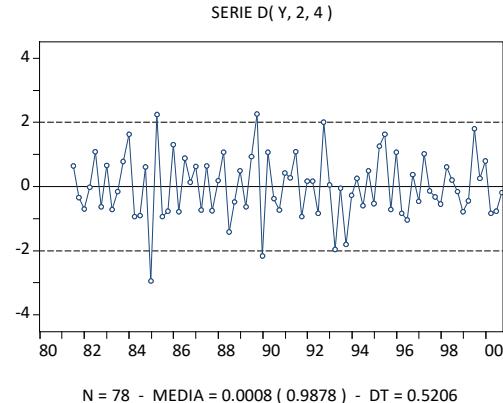
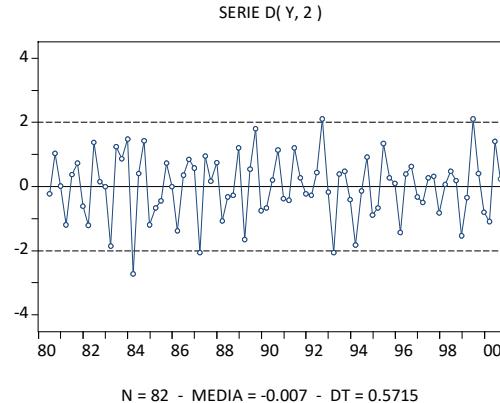
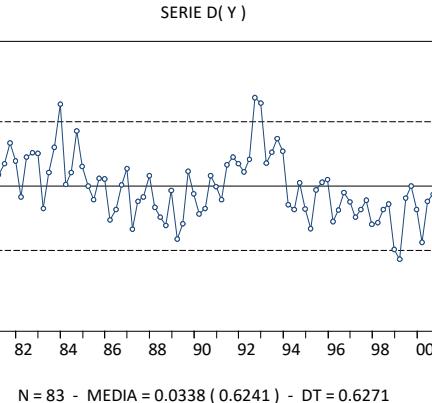
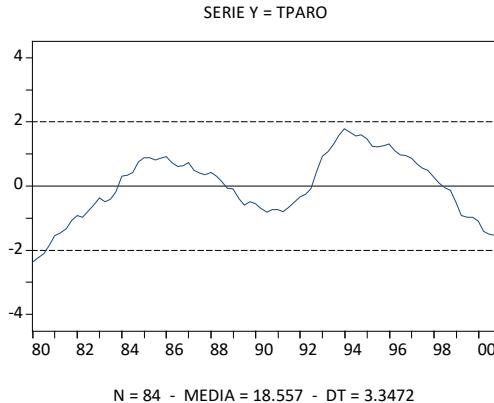


COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M1 [ Y ]



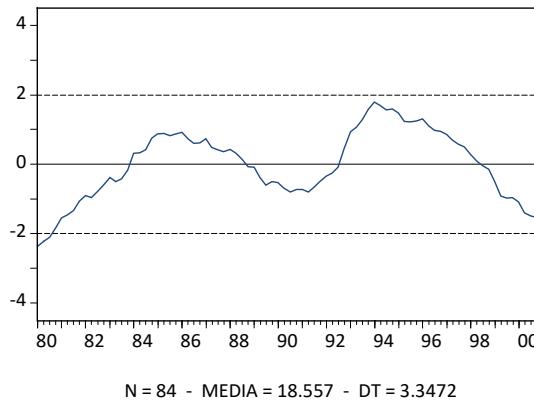
LJUNG-BOX Q(37) = 40.436 ( PROB = 0.3210 ) ARMA = 2

## EJEMPLO 6 - ST20 : Y = TPARO



## EJEMPLO 6.1 - ST20 : Y = TPARO

SERIE Y = TPARO



MODELO M1 [ W1 ] AR(1)×AR(1)<sub>4</sub> [ Y ] ARI(1,1)×AR(1)<sub>4</sub>

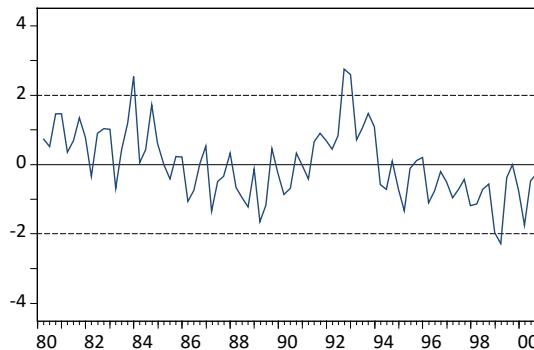
Dependent Variable: D( TPARO )				
Sample(adjusted): 1981:3 2000:4				
Included observations: 78 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
AR(1)	0.504119	0.099914	5.045524	0.0000
SAR(4)	0.618084	0.091276	6.771571	0.0000
S.E. of regression	0.407059	Akaike info criterion		1.065589
Sum squared resid	12.59296	Schwarz criterion		1.126017

$$(1 - 0.5041B)(1 - 0.6181B^4) \nabla y_t = \hat{a}_t,$$

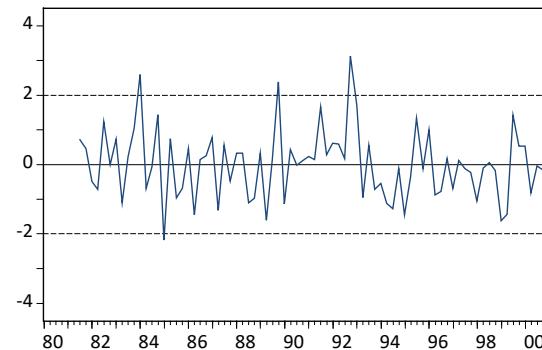
(0.0999) (0.0913)

n = 78,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 0.4071$ , AIC = 1.0656, BIC = 1.1260.

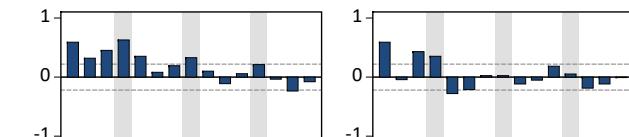
SERIE W1 = D( Y )



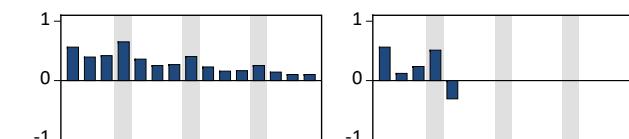
RESIDUOS M1



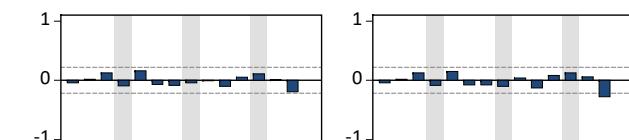
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE W1



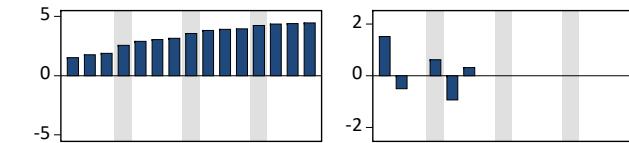
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M1 [ W1 ]



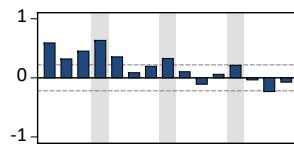
ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M1



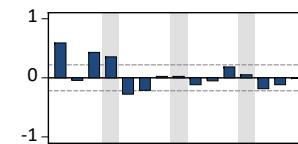
COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M1 [ Y ]



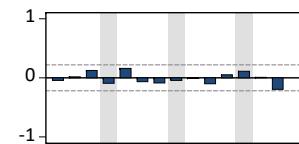
ACF



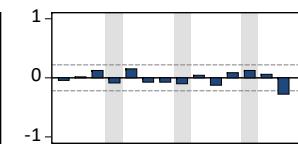
PACF



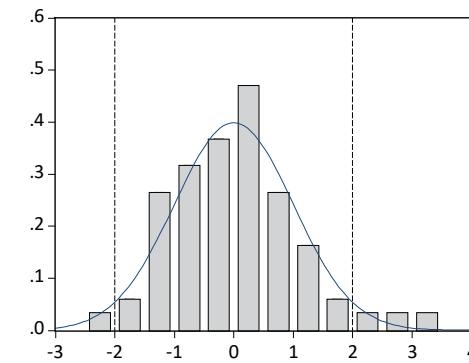
ACF



PACF



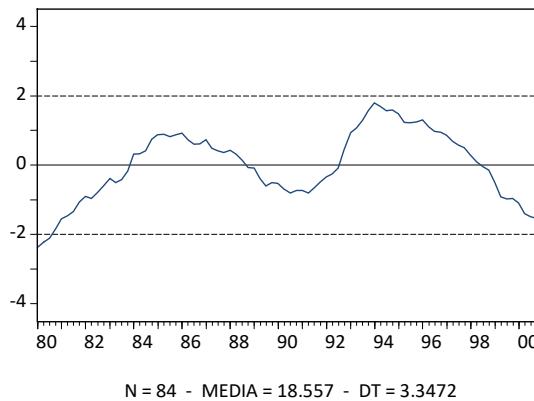
LJUNG-BOX Q(13) = 11.516 ( PROB = 0.5676 ) ARMA = 2



Series: RESIDUOS M1	
Sample 1981:3 2000:4	
Observations 78	
Mean	-0.018458
Median	-0.007574
Maximum	1.247057
Minimum	-0.900895
Std. Dev.	0.403980
Skewness	0.539093
Kurtosis	3.636416
Jarque-Bera	5.094405
Probability	0.078300

## EJEMPLO 6.2 - ST20 : Y = TPARO

SERIE Y = TPARO



MODELO M2 [ W2 ] MA(1)×MA(1)<sub>4</sub> [ Y ] IMA(2,1)×IMA(1,1)<sub>4</sub>

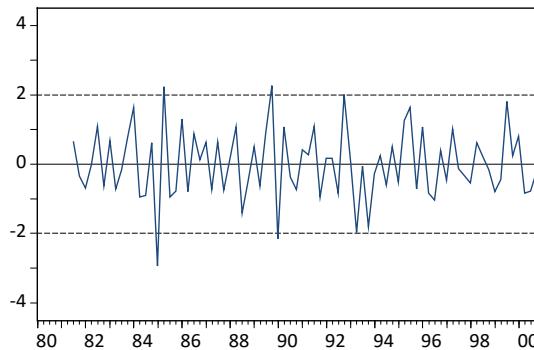
Dependent Variable: D( TPARO, 2, 4 )				
Sample(adjusted): 1981:3 2000:4				
Included observations: 78 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
MA(1)	-0.366535	0.101409	-3.614440	0.0005
SMA(4)	-0.902203	0.039382	-22.90915	0.0000
S.E. of regression	0.378918	Akaike info criterion		0.922314
Sum squared resid	10.91201	Schwarz criterion		0.982742

$$\nabla^2 \nabla_4 y_t = (1 - 0.3665B)(1 - 0.9022B^4)\hat{a}_t,$$

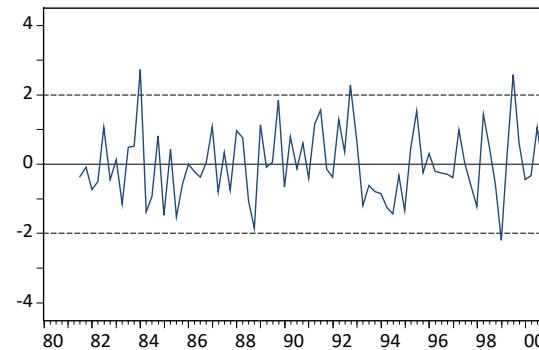
$$(0.1014) \quad (0.0394)$$

n = 78,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 0.3789$ , AIC = 0.9223, BIC = 0.9827.

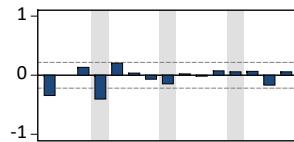
SERIE W2 = D( Y, 2, 4 )



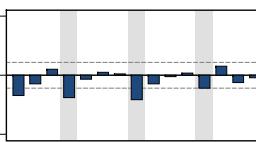
RESIDUOS M2



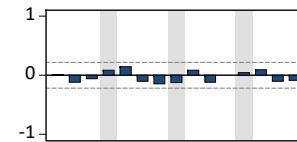
ACF



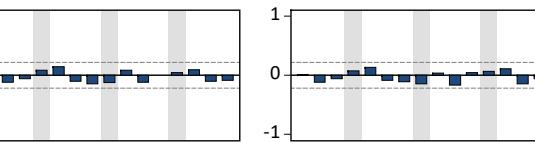
PACF



ACF

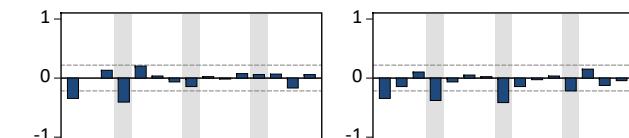


PACF

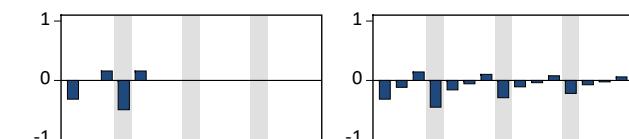


LJUNG-BOX Q(13) = 12.681 ( PROB = 0.4727 ) ARMA = 2

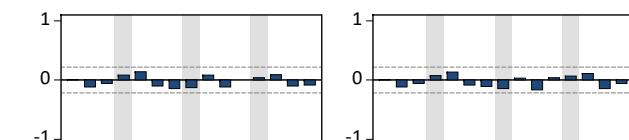
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE W2



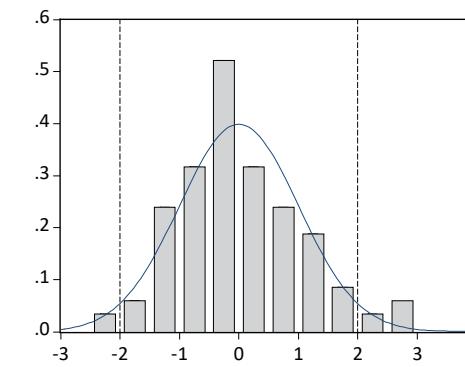
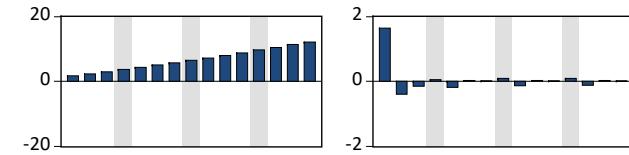
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M2 [ W2 ]



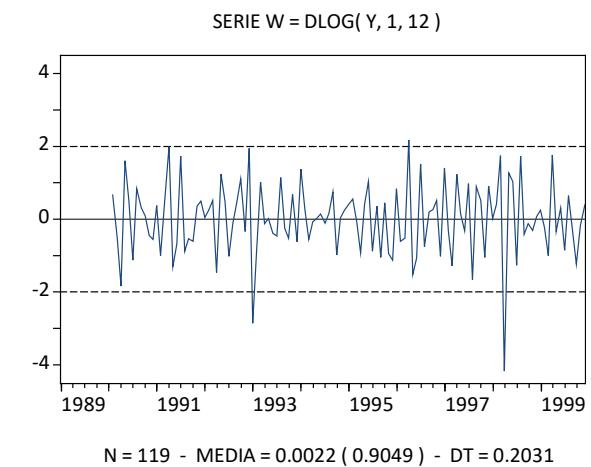
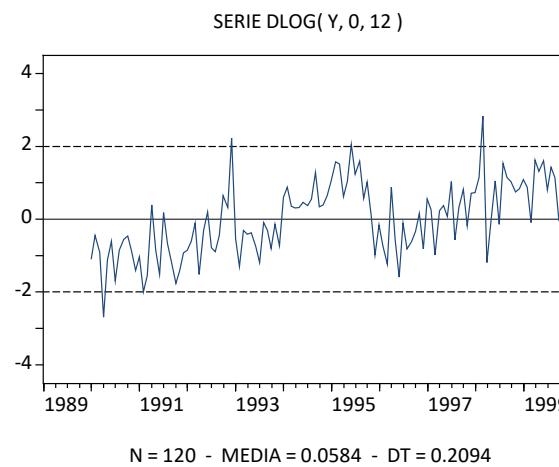
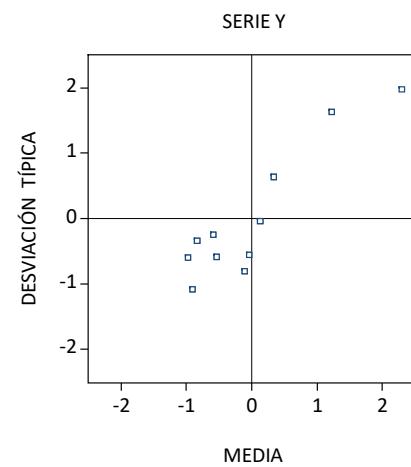
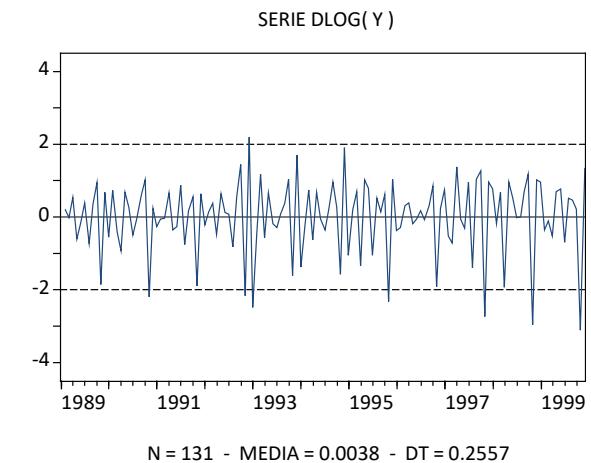
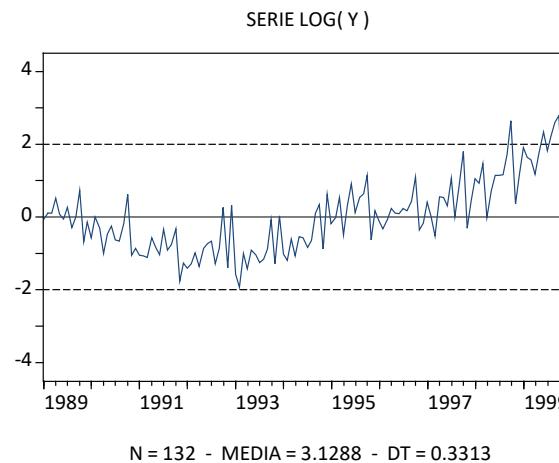
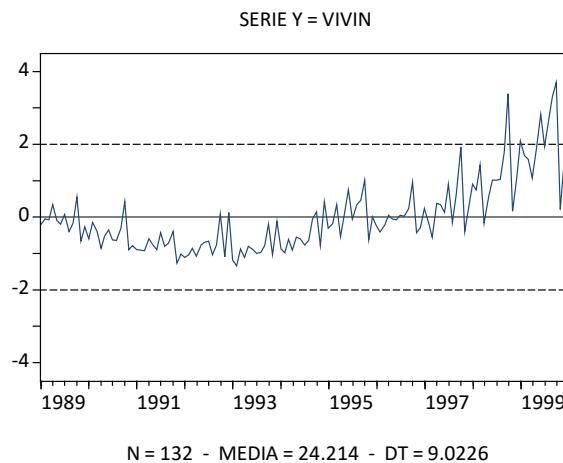
ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M2



COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M2 [ Y ]

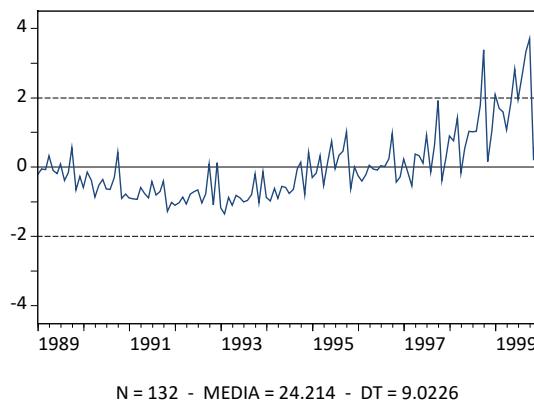


EJEMPLO 7 - ST14 : Y = VIVIN ( 1989:01 - 1999:12 )



## EJEMPLO 7.1 - ST14 : Y = VIVIN ( 1989:01 - 1999:12 )

SERIE Y = VIVIN



MODELO M1 [ W ] AR(2)×MA(1)<sub>12</sub> [ LOG( Y ) ] ARI(2,1)×IMA(1,1)<sub>12</sub>

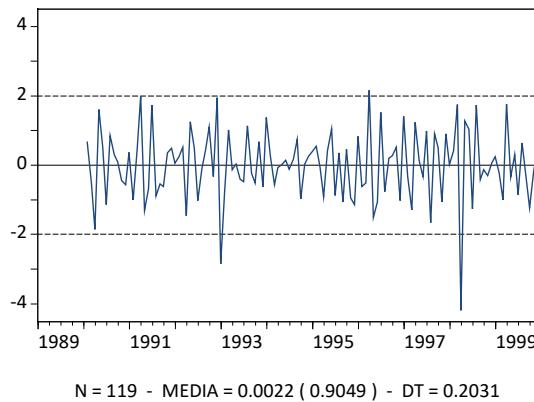
Dependent Variable: DLOG( VIVIN, 1, 12 )				
Sample(adjusted): 1990:04 1999:12				
Included observations: 117 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
AR(1)	-0.540389	0.083098	-6.503034	0.0000
AR(2)	-0.458262	0.083140	-5.511961	0.0000
MA(12)	-0.880889	0.024155	-36.46818	0.0000
S.E. of regression	0.135919	Akaike info criterion		-1.128208
Sum squared resid	2.106035	Schwarz criterion		-1.057383

$$(1 + 0.5404B + 0.4583B^2) \nabla \nabla_{12} \ln y_t = (1 - 0.8809B^{12}) \hat{a}_t, \\ (0.0831) \quad (0.0831) \quad (0.0242)$$

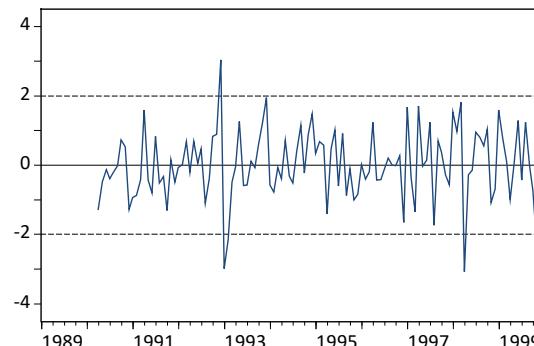
$n = 117$ ,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 0.1359$ , AIC = -1.1282, BIC = -1.0574.

$$\hat{\phi}(x) = 0 \Rightarrow x_1^*, x_2^* = -0.59 \mp 1.35i \Rightarrow d = 1.48 > 1.$$

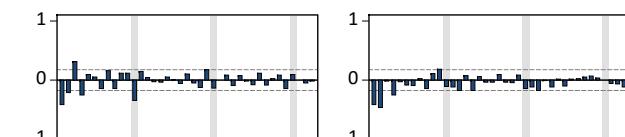
SERIE W = DLOG( Y, 1, 12 )



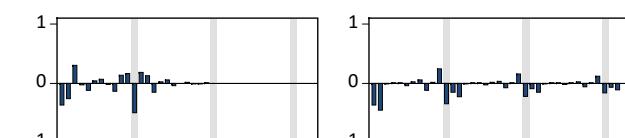
RESIDUOS M1



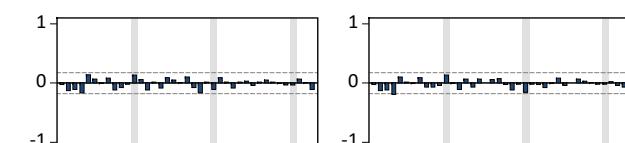
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE W



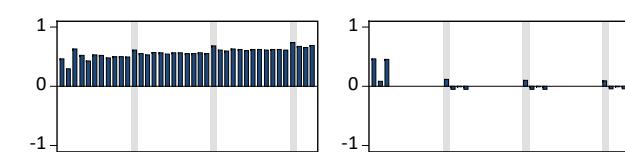
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M1 [ W ]



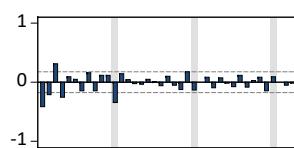
ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M1



COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M1 [ LOG( Y ) ]

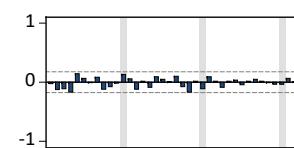


ACF



PACF

ACF

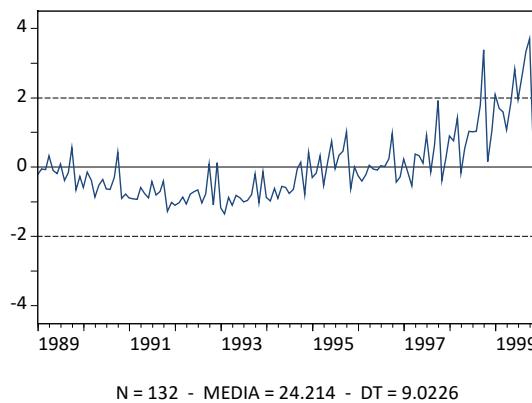


PACF

LJUNG-BOX Q(36) = 35.708 ( PROB = 0.4823 ) ARMA = 3

## EJEMPLO 7.2 - ST14 : Y = VIVIN ( 1989:01 - 1999:12 )

SERIE Y = VIVIN



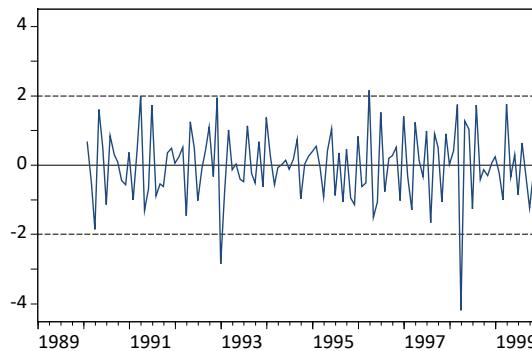
MODELO M2 [ W ] MA(1)×MA(1)<sub>12</sub> [ LOG( Y ) ] IMA(1,1)×IMA(1,1)<sub>12</sub> ["AIRLINE MODEL"]

Dependent Variable: DLOG(VIVIN, 1, 12)				
Sample(adjusted): 1990:02 1999:12				
Included observations: 119 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
MA(1)	-0.675318	0.069979	-9.650227	0.0000
SMA(12)	-0.891754	0.023624	-37.74739	0.0000
S.E. of regression	0.137109	Akaike info criterion	-1.119418	
Sum squared resid	2.199467	Schwarz criterion	-1.072710	

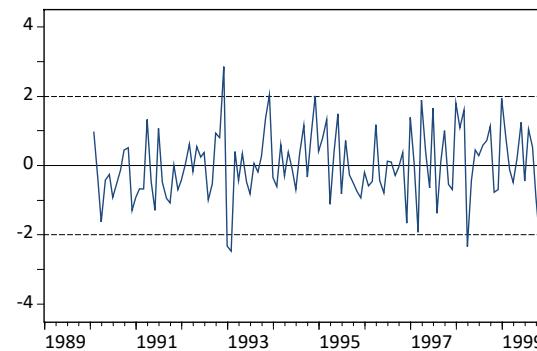
$$\nabla \nabla_{12} \ln y_t = (1 - 0.6753B)(1 - 0.8918B^{12})\hat{a}_t, \\ (0.0700) \quad (0.0236)$$

n = 119,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 0.1371$ , AIC = -1.1194, BIC = -1.0727.

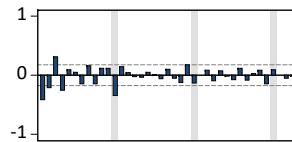
SERIE W = DLOG( Y, 1, 12 )



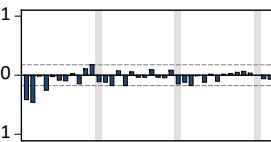
RESIDUOS M2



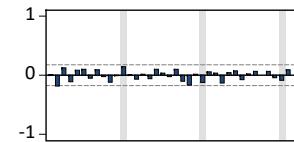
ACF



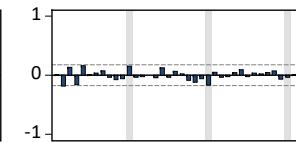
PACF



ACF

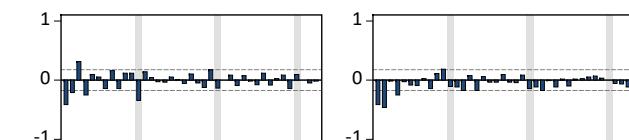


PACF

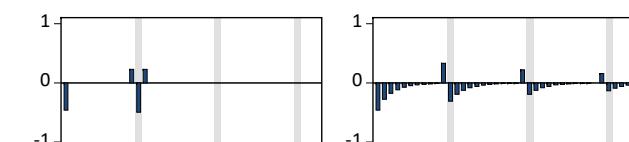


LJUNG-BOX Q(37) = 42.397 ( PROB = 0.2495 ) ARMA = 2

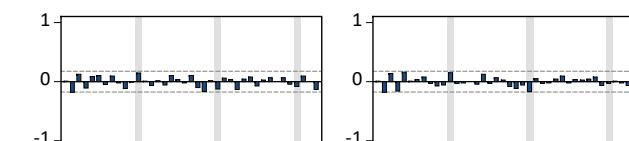
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE W



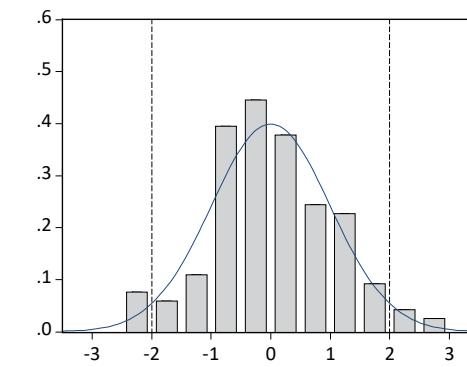
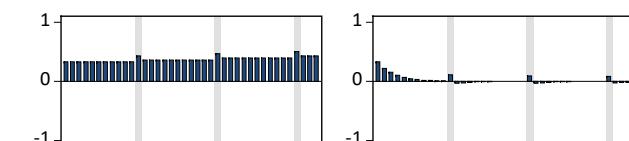
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M2 [ W ]



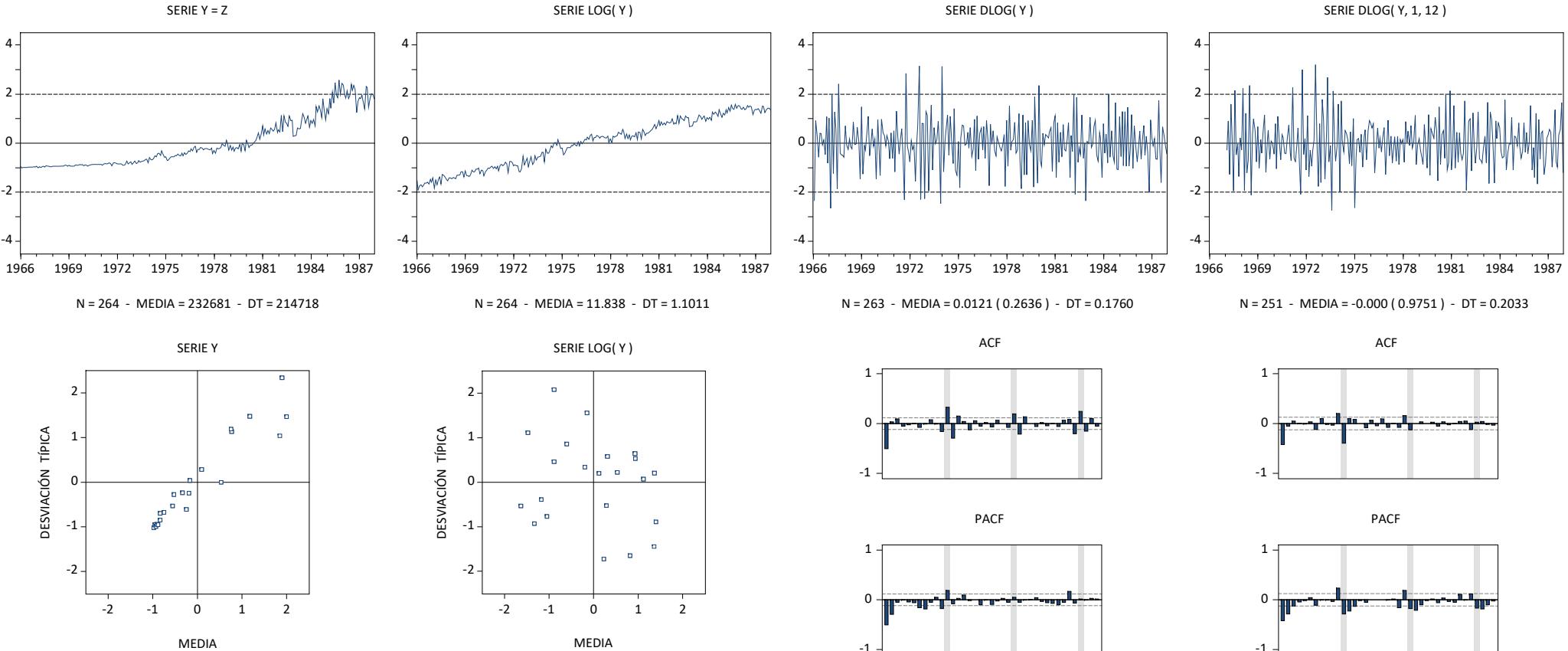
ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M2



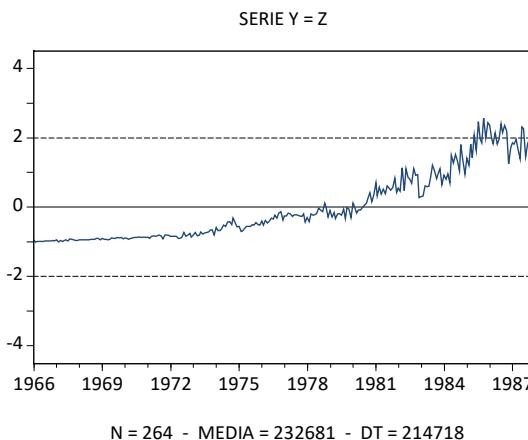
COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M2 [ LOG( Y ) ]



## EJEMPLO 8 - ST21 : $Y = Z$ ( 1966:01 - 1987:12 )



## EJEMPLO 8.1 - ST21 : Y = Z ( 1966:01 - 1987:12 )



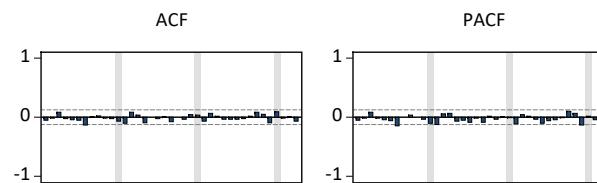
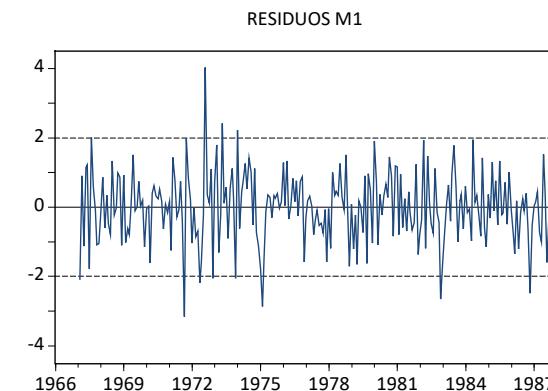
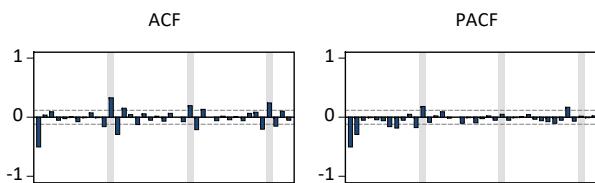
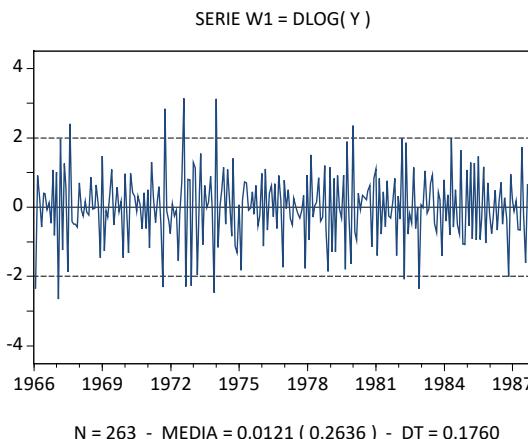
MODELO M1 [ W1 ] MA(1)×AR(1)<sub>12</sub> [ LOG( Y ) ] IMA(1,1)×AR(1)<sub>12</sub>

Dependent Variable: DLOG( Z )				
Sample(adjusted): 1967:02 1987:12				
Included observations: 251 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
AR(12)	0.309584	0.060077	5.153114	0.0000
MA(1)	-0.580050	0.051610	-11.23900	0.0000
S.E. of regression	0.142174	Akaike info criterion		-1.055587
Sum squared resid	5.033182	Schwarz criterion		-1.027496

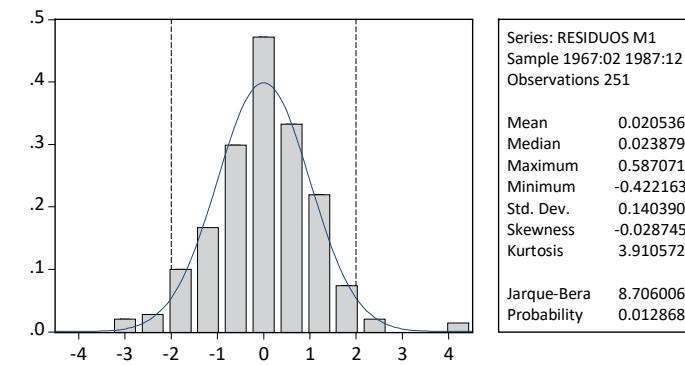
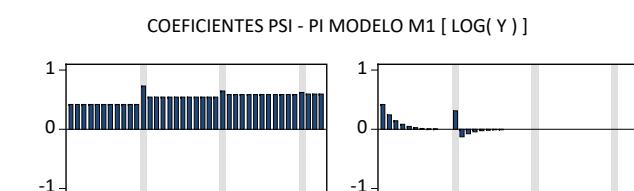
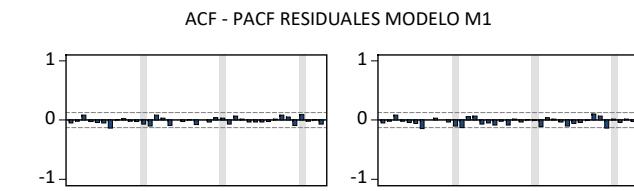
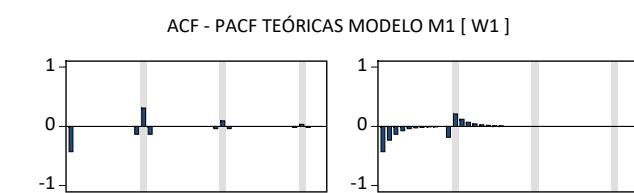
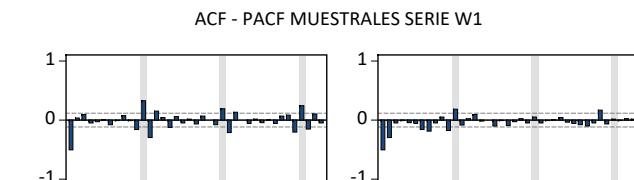
$$(1 - 0.3096B^{12}) \nabla \ln y_t = (1 - 0.5801B)\hat{a}_t, \\ (0.0601) \quad (0.0516)$$

n = 251,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 0.1422$ , AIC = -1.0556, BIC = -1.0275.

Nivel medio significativo (distinto de cero) en serie de residuos.

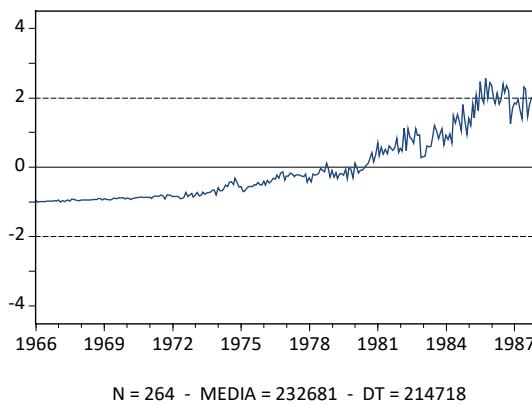


LJUNG-BOX Q(37) = 34.115 ( PROB = 0.6050 ) ARMA = 2



## EJEMPLO 8.2 - ST21 : Y = Z ( 1966:01 - 1987:12 )

SERIE Y = Z



MODELO M2 [ W2 ] MA(1)×AR(1)<sub>12</sub> [ LOG( Y ) ] IMA(1,1)×AR(1)<sub>12</sub> CON MEDIA

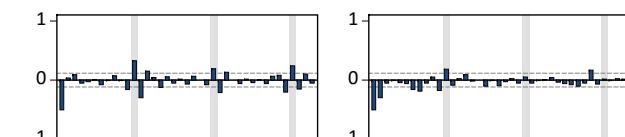
Dependent Variable: DLOG( Z )				
Sample(adjusted): 1967:02 1987:12				
Included observations: 251 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
C	0.013086	0.004617	2.834448	0.0050
AR(12)	0.270757	0.061105	4.431040	0.0000
MA(1)	-0.623391	0.049614	-12.56494	0.0000
S.E. of regression	0.140570	Akaike info criterion		-1.074335
Sum squared resid	4.900495	Schwarz criterion		-1.032198

$$(1 - 0.2708B^{12}) (\nabla \ln y_t - 0.0131) = (1 - 0.6234B)\hat{a}_t,$$

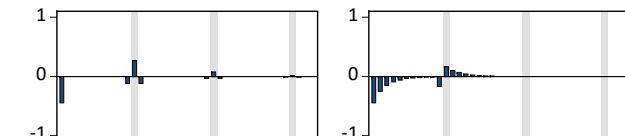
(0.0611) (0.0046) (0.0496)

n = 251,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 0.1406$ , AIC = -1.0743, BIC = -1.0322.

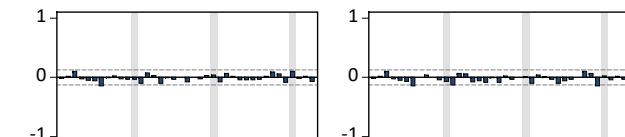
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE W2



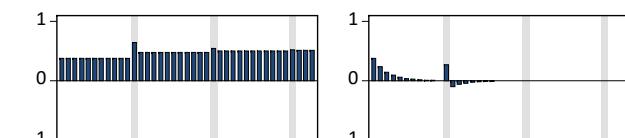
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M2 [ W2 ]



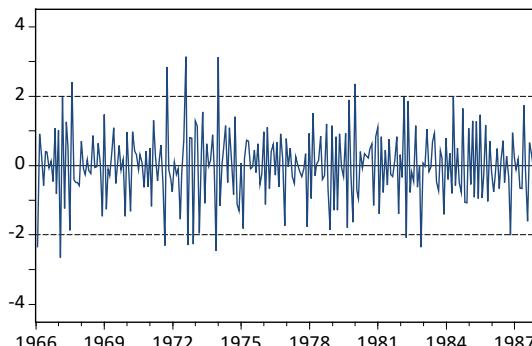
ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M2



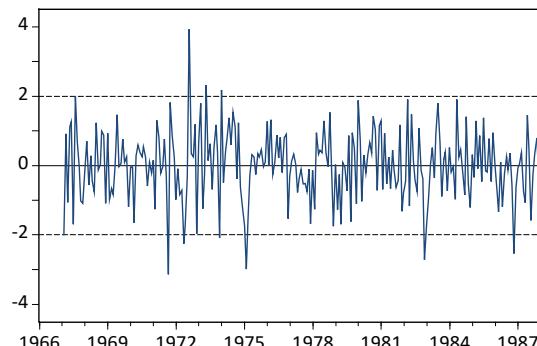
COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M2 [ LOG( Y ) ]



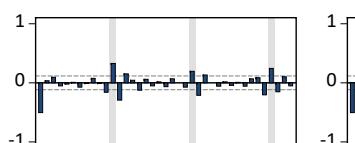
SERIE W2 = DLOG( Y ) [= W1 ]



RESIDUOS M2

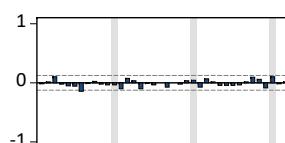


ACF



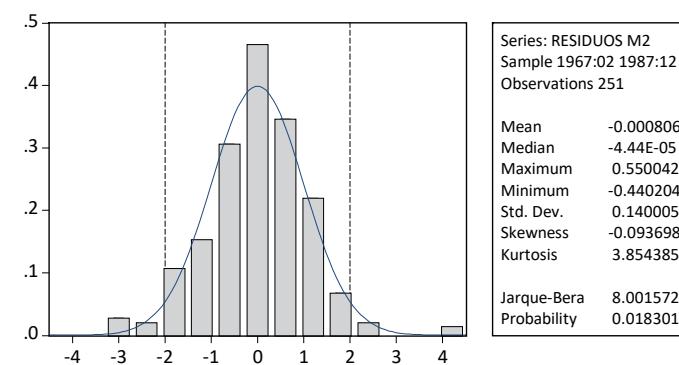
PACF

ACF



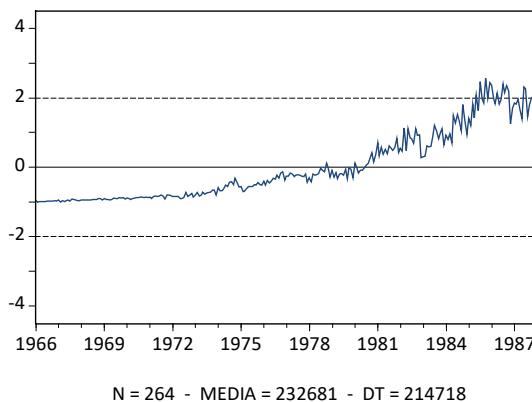
PACF

LJUNG-BOX Q(37) = 35.617 ( PROB = 0.5338 ) ARMA = 2



## EJEMPLO 8.3 - ST21 : Y = Z ( 1966:01 - 1987:12 )

SERIE Y = Z



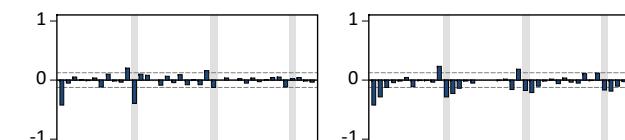
MODELO M3 [ W3 ] MA(1)×MA(1)<sub>12</sub> [ LOG( Y ) ] IMA(1,1)×IMA(1,1)<sub>12</sub> ["AIRLINE MODEL"]

Dependent Variable: DLOG( Z, 1, 12 )				
Sample(adjusted): 1967:02 1987:12				
Included observations: 251 after adjusting endpoints				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
MA(1)	-0.575248	0.050840	-11.31487	0.0000
SMA(12)	-0.889822	0.026586	-33.46895	0.0000
S.E. of regression	0.132292	Akaike info criterion		-1.199668
Sum squared resid	4.357819	Schwarz criterion		-1.171577

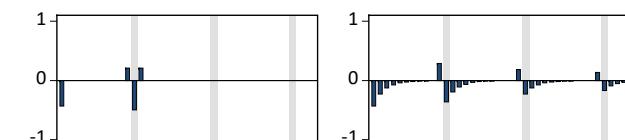
$$\nabla\nabla_{12} \ln y_t = (1 - 0.5752B)(1 - 0.8898B^{12})\hat{a}_t, \\ (0.0508) \quad (0.0266)$$

n = 251,  $\hat{\sigma}_A = 0.1323$ , AIC = -1.1997, BIC = -1.1716.

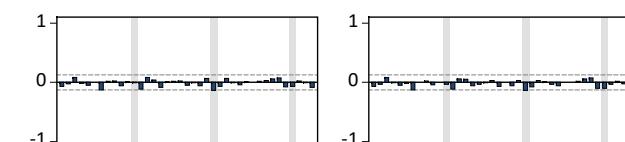
ACF - PACF MUESTRALES SERIE W3



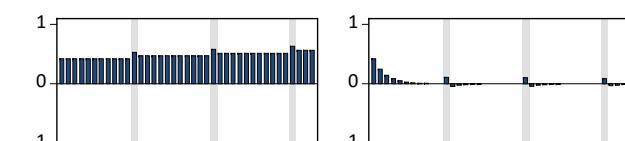
ACF - PACF TEÓRICAS MODELO M3 [ W3 ]



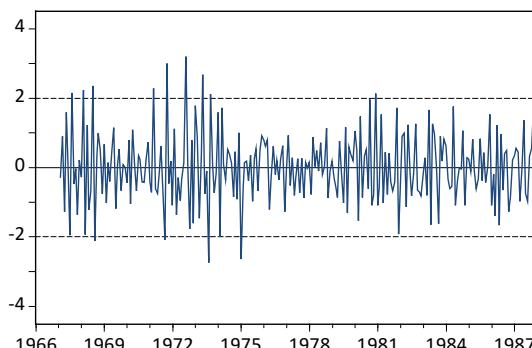
ACF - PACF RESIDUALES MODELO M3



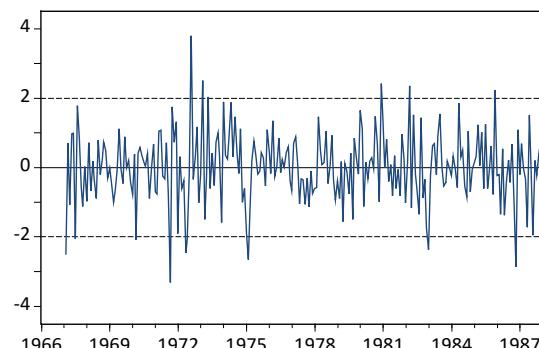
COEFICIENTES PSI - PI MODELO M3 [ LOG( Y ) ]



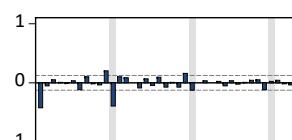
SERIE W3 = DLOG( Y, 1, 12 )



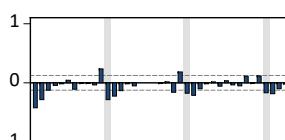
RESIDUOS M3



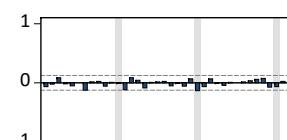
ACF



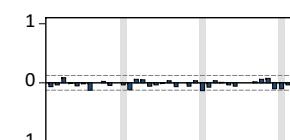
PACF



ACF



PACF



LJUNG-BOX Q(37) = 37.521 ( PROB = 0.4452 ) ARMA = 2

